Sermon for Christ the King 25<sup>th</sup> November – 11am Eucharist

## May I speak in the name of God: Father, Son and Holy Spirit

Today is the last Sunday of the Church's year, A Sunday where we celebrate The feast of Christ the King

we have prayed in the Collect 'Eternal Father, whose Son Jesus Christ ascended to the throne of heaven, That he might rule over all things As Lord and King'

Christ as King is an image that sits at the heart of the Christian tradition.

But this particular feast day Is relatively new And the origins of this day Feel very relevant this year When we have just commemorated The 100<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the Armistice The event which ended the first World War On the eleventh of November 1918

On twenty third of December 1922, the new Pope

Pope Pius the eleventh,

Wrote in his first encyclical:

'One thing is certain today. Since the close of the Great War

individuals, the different classes of society, the nations of the earth have not as yet found true peace. They do not enjoy, therefore, that active and fruitful tranquillity which is the aspiration and the need of mankind.'

He continued 'true peace can only be found under the Kingship of Christ as "Prince of Peace'

three years later in 1925 the Pope instituted the Feast of Christ the King

Now, and this may just be me I have a bit of a problem Relating to the imagery Of Christ the King

Because in the West we don't really have kings today not In the sense of total rulers

and my understanding of Kings Is based on history, stories and films Aragorn in Lord of the Rings Numerous Kings and Queens In Game of Thrones Henry the Eighth in Wolf Hall

Each of these Gives a sense of something about kingship A sense of kings as people Who hold total authority in their domain Authority which they exercise In good and less good ways

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but the Lord as King was a feature of the Jewish understanding Of the nature of God

Today's psalm begins The Lord is King, and hath put on glorious apparel: the Lord hath put on his apparel, and girded himself with strength.

The tradition of the warrior king of Israel Personified in King David Was the template for the Messiah

## The Lord's anointed one

The Messiah who would save The Lord's covenant people The Messiah who would drive out The enemies of Israel The Messiah who would restore the Kingdom Ruling on behalf of the Lord

In this morning's first reading The prophet Daniel describes That sort of figure

'I saw one like a human being coming with the clouds of heaven.Who was given dominion and glory and kingship, that all peoples, nations, and languages should serve him'.

This king has authority He has a domain Where his rule is absolute And he imposes his rule on his people And they serve the King

But today's New Testament readings From Revelation and from John's Gospel Suggest something very different

In Revelation we read of A king who loves us and freed us from our sins by his blood a King who sacrifices himself for God's people Today's passage from John's Gospel describes the events Which will lead inexorably to Jesus' death Pilate the Roman overlord The man with power in this place asks Jesus 'Are you the King of the Jews'

And Jesus answers obliquely 'My kingdom is not from this world I came into the world, to testify to the truth. Everyone who belongs to the truth listens to my voice.'

No wonder Jesus was a disappointment To the people of Israel People who were waiting For a very different messiah

Pius the eleventh wrote In the decade after The first world war

'the nations of the earth have not as yet found true peace true peace can only be found under the Kingship of Christ the Prince of Peace'. In some ways it feels That not much has changed Over the intervening years

There are wars And rumours of wars Many people do not enjoy, active and fruitful tranquillity

which all sounds a bit depressing and then I remember That the Gospel is good news

And for me it is often literature and stories Which help me find that good news

Many of you will be familiar with C S Lewis's children's books 'The Chronicles of Narnia' About a different world A different kind of kingdom

Rowan Williams The former Archbishop of Canterbury Reflected on these works In his book 'The Lion's world'

And wrote of the way in which Lewis manages to give an idea of what life in a kingdom with an incarnate lord Might be like

Williams explores Lewis' key themes: the exhilaration of an encounter with the Divine `other', the avoidance of self-delusion, and the joy of the surprising discovery of God.

On this feast of Christ the king We are looking for that sense Of exhilaration and joyful discovery In today's Gospel

The gospel of John Begins with the prologue: 'And the Word became flesh and lived among us, and we have seen his glory, the glory as of a father's only son, full of grace and truth'

and goes on to describe a king who comes to serve who washes his disciples feet

a Gospel which ends with Jesus reconciling Peter with himself Peter, the disciple who has denied him'

So when Jesus responds to Pilate With the words 'For this I was born, and for this I came into the world, to testify to the truth. Everyone who belongs to the truth listens to my voice.'

We have the Good News

Because we are all here Because at some point In some way We have heard Jesus call us to follow him

We have listened to his voice Heard his invitation And have chosen To be subject to his just and gentle rule

In the kingdom of God The only kingdom Where true peace will be found

The king and the kingdom We are called to share With the world

## Amen